I. 次の英文を読み、下の各問に答えなさい。
Nationalism now dominates almost all (ア) of the world. This can well be (イ) the age of nationalism. But it is not (ウ) to see that we are approaching the end of that (エ) No one can deny that mankind has made stunning progress under the nation state during the past few centuries, but it is becoming clear that the (オ) much longer of an unbridled system of mutually antagonistic national units would bring us to (カ) The First and Second World Wars were (キ) well before most of you were born, but actually not very long ago in (ク) terms. Both occurred during my lifetime, and オ most people would agree that a Third World War would bring an end to civilization as we know it. In fact, it might mean (ケ) of the whole human (コ) For the first time in history we are very close to the brink of our own self-destruction.
(注) the nation state 民族国家; unbridled 例をのない; antagonistic 敵対する; brink 込戸際

問1. 下線部①③を日本語に訳しなさい。
問2. 文中の空白(ア)〜(コ)に入る適語を次の(1)〜(10)より選び、その番号を解答欄に記入しなさい。
[(1) age (2) extinction (3) historic (4) catastrophe (5) race (6) fought (7) hard (8) called (9) continuation (10) parts]
1. It is already over three years _______ David started working as a doctor.
(A) before (B) ago (C) when (D) since
2. Maria has _______ a bad cold for the past few days.
(A) caught (B) had (C) got (D) complained
3. The weather in Tokyo is warmer than _______ in Sapporo.
(A) that (B) the one (C) it (D) of
4. If I had known that the bus was going to be late, I _______ home later.
(A) had left (B) would have left (C) should be leaving (D) am going to leave
5. _______ you help me, I won't be able to finish preparing dinner in time.
(A) Without (B) Except (C) Unless (D) Although
6. I know you were born in New York, but where were you _______?
(A) raised (B) grown (C) raised up (D) grown up
7. A lot of _______ is on TV these days is not suitable for children.
(A) that (B) what (C) which (D) there
8. Paris and London are the most _______ cities in Europe.
(A) visit (B) to visit (C) visiting (D) visited
9. I hate _______ a long time I go to see the doctor.
(A) that (B) the one (C) it (D) of
10. According to the weather forecast, it is _______ to snow tomorrow.
(A) certainly (B) capable (C) possible (D) likely

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III. 次の英文の空所に入る適語を下の[]内から選びなさい。必要があれば適当な形に変えなさい。
Concentration is such a rare phenomenon because one's will is not directed to one thing; nothing is (1) the effort to concentrate on it, because no goal is pursued passionately. But there is more to it: People are afraid to concentrate because they are afraid of losing themselves if they are too (2) in another person, in an idea, in an event. The less strong their self, the greater the fear of losing themselves in the act of (3) on the non-self. For the person with a dominant having orientation this fear of losing oneself is one of the main (4) that operates against concentration. Finally, to concentrate (5) inner activity, not busy-ness, and this activity is rare today when busy-ness is the (6) to success.
(注) with a dominant having orientation 所有者が支配的である; strenuous 努力を要する; mobilization 動員; psychic 心的な; physiological 生理的な
[absorb / concentrate / factor / well / key / true / wake / require / sufficient / tire / afraid / worth]

IV. 次の英文の[]内を意味するように並べてください。
1. You [careful / climb / when / be / you / cannot / too] a mountain in winter.
2. I [morning / first / check / the / e-mail / in / thing / my].
3. She looked around [make / she / alone / that / was / sure / to].

V. 次の日本文を英語に直訳しなさい。
1. 彼は私がまるで小さき子供のように扱った。
2. 途中には行ったことがないので今回の旅行は楽しみです。